

S 93 Nr. 1

$$b) \int_{-1}^1 (2x+1) dx = A_1 + A_2 + A_3 = \underline{2}$$

$$-A_1 = A_2 \quad A_3 = 2 \cdot 1$$

$$c) \int_{-1}^2 (-2t) dt = 1 - 4 = \underline{-3}$$

$$d) \int_0^4 -2 dx = \underline{-8}$$

$$e) \int_{-5}^0 (-t-5) dt = -5 \cdot 5 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = \underline{-12,5}$$

S 93 Nr. 2

$$a) \int_{-2}^0 f(x) dx = -0,3 + 0,8 = 0,5; \quad b) \int_{-1}^2 f(x) dx = \cancel{-0,3} + 0,8 + 2,9 = 3,7$$

$$c) \int_0^3 f(x) dx = 2,9 - 1,1 = 1,8; \quad d) \int_{-2}^3 f(x) dx = -0,3 + 0,8 + 2,9 - 1,1 = 2,3$$

S 93 Nr. 3

$$a) \int_0^2 x^2 dx \approx \underline{2,667}; \quad b) \int_0^2 (x^2 - 1) dx \approx \underline{0,667}; \quad c) \int_{-1}^1 x^3 dx = \underline{0}$$

$$d) \int_{-\frac{\pi}{2}}^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \cos(x) dx \approx 2; \quad e) \int_0^1 (e^x - 2) dx \approx -0,281$$

S 93 Nr. 4

$$\text{Fig. 4} \int_1^4 \left(\frac{1}{x}\right) dx \approx \underline{1,386 FE}; \quad \int_{x_{N1}}^{x_{N2}} (-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2,5) dx = \int_{-15}^{15} (-\frac{1}{2}x^2 + 2,5) dx \approx \underline{7,454 FE}$$

$$x_{N1,2} = \pm \sqrt{2,5 \cdot 2} = \pm \sqrt{5}$$

$$\text{Fig. 6} \int_{-4}^{-1} \left(\frac{1}{x^2} - 1\right) dx \approx \underline{-2,25 FE}$$